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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/827,143	04/15/2004	Hyukjun Oh	040105	2317 .
23696 OUALCOMM	7590 07/18/2007 INCORPORATED		EXAMINER	
5775 MOREHO	OUSE DR.	TRINH, TAN H		
SAN DIEGO, (JA 92121		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2618	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/18/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/827,143	OH ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	,	TAN TRINH	2618			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION 16(a). In no event, however, may a riviil apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become AF	CATION. eply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Ap	oril '2007.				
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
•	closed in accordance with the practice under E					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1,20-22,24,26 and 27</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>2-19,23,25,28 and 29</u> is/are objected to Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	to.				
	on Papers					
9) <u></u> 10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 April 2004</u> is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the conference of the conference of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examinary States of the same	☑ accepted or b)☐ object frawing(s) be held in abeyant on is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)[/ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in A ty documents have been (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		summary (PTO-413))/Mail Date			
3) 🔀 Inforn	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application			

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 09-26-2005, the information disclosure statement has been considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 20-22, 24 and 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oestreich (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0003875) in view of Engstrom (U.S. Patent No. 6639934).

Regarding claims 1, 22 and 26-27, Oestreich teaches wireless device in a wireless communication system (see fig. 3), comprising: a data processor operative to process received data blocks for a plurality of data channels and to provide a status of each received data block (see fig. 2 and 3, page 2, sections [0017-0020 and 0023-0024]). In this case, the base station and mobile station contained the data processor. Wherein the plurality of data channels are used for a data transmission and are power controlled together (see pages 3, sections [0025-0031]); and a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]). In this case, the data channel is dormant when the channel's transmission pauses, and the data channel is not dormant when the data

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channel is active. Adjust power for final signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of data channels based on status of received data blocks for data channels that are not dormant (see page 3, sections [0027, 0036 and 0039] and page 4, sections [0042-0045]), and use the final SIR target for power control of the data transmission sent on the plurality of data channels (see page 4, sections [0039 and 0047] and page 5, sections [0048-0049]). In this case, the final SIR target is the sum of the SIR target it take into account of the fact that the signal/interference ratio (SIR), the effect of the quality signal should be compensated for in an appropriate manner. But Oestreich does not mention adjust final signal quality (SIR) target.

However, Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify above teaching of Oestreich with Engstrom, in order to provide transmission power control for use in a spread spectrum or CDMA mobile communications system (see suggested by Engstrom on col. 4, lines 12-22).

Regarding claim 20, Oestreich teaches the controller is further operative to derive transmit power control (TPC) commands based on the final SIR target and a received SIR for the data transmission (see page 5, section [0049]), and wherein the TPC commands are used to adjust transmit power for the data transmission sent on the plurality of data channels (see page 4, sections [0043-0044 and 0047]).

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Regarding claim 21, Oestreich teaches the wireless communication system is a Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) system, and wherein the plurality of data channels are transport channels (see page 1, sections [0003-0004]).

Regarding claim 24, Oestreich teaches the means for determining whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]) comprises means for detecting for activity on each of the plurality of data channels based on an error detection code, received signaling information, received data block energy, or a combination thereof (see page 2, section [0024], and page 4 section [0039]). In this case, the detecting for activity can be radio block, spread code C and bit error rate (BER) or SIR.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 2-19, 23, 25 and 28-29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Reasons for allowance

5. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Regarding dependent claim 2, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or Engstrom

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alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose; the controller is further operative to maintain an inactivity timer and a dormant flag for each of the plurality of data channels, the inactivity timer indicating an amount of elapsed time since activity was last detected on the data channel, and the dormant flag indicating whether the data channel is dormant or not dormant as specified in dependent claim 2.

Regarding dependent claims 3, 23 and 28, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or Engstrom alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose; the controller is operative to, for each of the plurality of data channels, determine an amount of time elapsed since activity was last detected on the data channel, declare the data channel to be dormant if the amount of elapsed time since last activity is greater than or equal to a predetermined time threshold, and declare the data channel to be not dormant if the amount of elapsed time since last activity is less than the predetermined time threshold as specified in dependent claims 3, 23 and 28.

Regarding dependent claims 7, 25 and 29, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or

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Engstrom alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose; the controller is operative to adjust an SIR target for each data channel that is not dormant based on status of received data blocks for the data channel, wherein one SIR target is maintained for each data channel that is not dormant, and derive the final SIR target based on SIR targets for the data channels that are not dormant as specified in dependent claims 7, 25 and 29.

Regarding dependent claim 12, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or Engstrom alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose the wireless device of claim 1, wherein to adjust the final SIR target for the plurality of data channels, the controller is operative to, for each update interval, increase the final SIR target if at least one erased block is received in the update interval, an erased block being a received data block that is deemed to have been transmitted but decoded in error, and decrease the final SIR target if good blocks and no erased blocks are received in the update interval, a good block being a received data block that is decoded correctly as specified in dependent claim 12.

Regarding dependent claim 14, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or Engstrom

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alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose the wireless device of claim 1, wherein the controller is operative to use a first up step size if an erased block is received on a data channel within a predetermined period after the data channel has transitioned from dormant to not dormant and to use a second up step size if an erased block is received on the data channel at other time, an erased block being a received data block that is deemed to have been transmitted but decoded in error, and wherein the first up step size is larger than the second up step size as specified in dependent claim 14.

Regarding dependent claim 16, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or Engstrom alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose the wireless device of claim 1, wherein the controller is further operative to, if a data channel is determined to have become dormant in a current update interval, save a last SIR target value for the data channel, the last SIR target value being an SIR target value usable for the data channel in the current update interval as specified in dependent claim 16.

Regarding dependent claim 17, Oestreich teaches a controller operative to determine whether each of the plurality of data channels is dormant or not dormant (see page 3, sections [0029-0031 and 0036]), and Engstrom teaches adjust final signal quality (SIR) target (see fig. 5A-B and 6A-B, SIR target adjustment, col. 5, lines 9-58). However, Oestreich or Engstrom

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alone or in combination with other prior art of record, fail to disclose the wireless device of claim 1, wherein the controller is further operative to, if activity is detected on a data channel that was dormant, determine an initial SIR target value for the data channel, and adjust the final SIR target further based on the initial SIR target value for the data channel as specified in dependent claim 17.

Conclusion

6. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(571) 273-8300, (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to the Customer Service Window (now located at the Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314).

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tan Trinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-7888. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiners supervisor, Anderson, Matthew D., can be reached at (571) 272-4177.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the **Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office** whose telephone number is **(703) 306-0377**.

8. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tan H. Trinh Division 2618 July 7, 2007

PATENT EXAMINER F

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